Features

- EE Programmable 524,288 x 1- and 1,048,576 x 1-bit Serial Memories Designed to Store Configuration Programs for Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGAs)
- In-System Programmable via 2-wire Bus
- Simple Interface to SRAM FPGAs
- Compatible with Atmel AT6000, AT40K and AT94K Devices, Altera FLEX[®], APEX[™] Devices, Lucent ORCA[®] FPGAs, Xilinx XC3000[™], XC4000[™], XC5200[™], Spartan[®], Virtex[™] FPGAs
- Cascadable Read Back to Support Additional Configurations or Higher-density Arrays
- Low-power CMOS EEPROM Process
- Programmable Reset Polarity
- Available in 6 mm x 6 mm x 1 mm 8-lead LAP (Pin-compatible with 8-lead SOIC/VOIC Packages), 8-lead PDIP and 20-lead PLCC Packages (Pin Compatible Across Product Family)
- Emulation of Atmel's AT24CXXX Serial EEPROMs
- Available in 3.3V \pm 10% LV and 5V \pm 5% C Versions
- System-friendly READY Pin
- Low-power Standby Mode

Description

The AT17C512/010 and AT17LV512/010 (high-density AT17 Series) FPGA Configuration EEPROMs (Configurators) provide an easy-to-use, cost-effective configuration memory for programming Field Programmable Gate Arrays. The AT17 Series is packaged in the 8-lead LAP, 8-lead PDIP and the popular 20-lead PLCC. The AT17 Series uses a simple serial-access procedure to configure one or more FPGA devices. The user can select the polarity of the reset function by programming four EEPROM bytes. These devices support a write protection mode and a system-friendly READY pin, which signifies a "good" power level to the FPGA and can be used to ensure reliable system power-up.

The AT17 Series Configurators can be programmed with industry-standard programmers, Atmel's ATDH2200E Programming Kit or Atmel's ATDH2225 ISP Cable.



FPGA Configuration EEPROM Memory

512-kilobit and

1-megabit

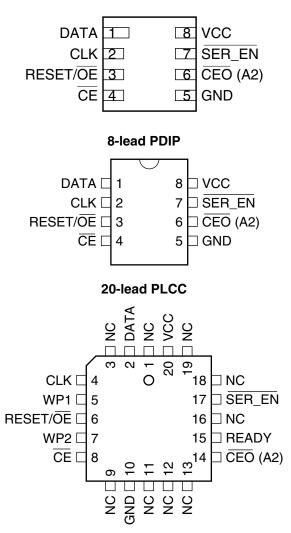
AT17C512 AT17LV512 AT17C010 AT17LV010



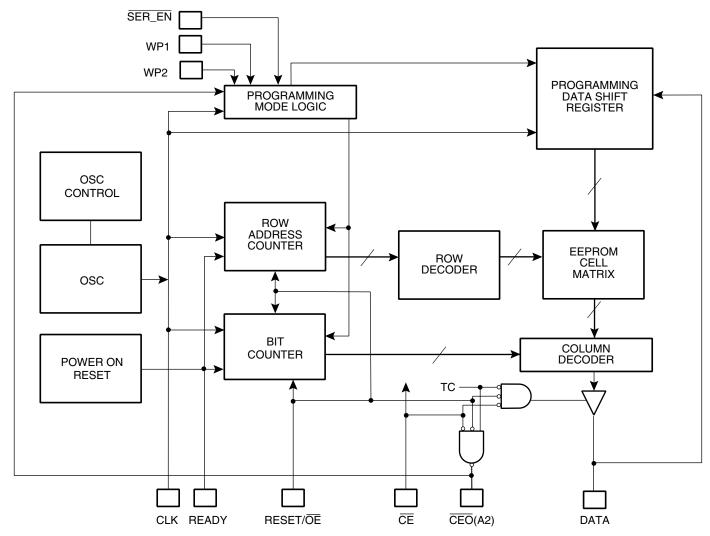


Pin Configurations

8-lead LAP



Block Diagram



Device Description

The control signals for the configuration EEPROM (\overline{CE} , RESET/ \overline{OE} and CCLK) interface directly with the FPGA device control signals. All FPGA devices can control the entire configuration process and retrieve data from the configuration EEPROM without requiring an external intelligent controller.

The configuration EEPROM RESET/ \overline{OE} and \overline{CE} pins control the tri-state buffer on the DATA output pin and enable the address counter. When RESET/ \overline{OE} is driven High, the configuration EEPROM resets its address counter and tri-states its DATA pin. The \overline{CE} pin also controls the output of the AT17 Series Configurator. If \overline{CE} is held High after the RESET/ \overline{OE} reset pulse, the counter is disabled and the DATA output pin is tri-stated. When \overline{OE} is subsequently driven Low, the counter and the DATA output pin are enabled. When RESET/ \overline{OE} is driven High again, the address counter is reset and the DATA output pin is tri-stated, regardless of the state of \overline{CE} .

When the configurator has driven out all of its data and \overline{CEO} is driven Low, the device tri-states the DATA pin to avoid contention with other configurators. Upon power-up, the address counter is automatically reset.

This is the default setting for the device. Since almost all FPGAs use RESET Low and OE High, this document will describe RESET/OE.





Pin Description

8 PDIP/ LAP Pin	20 PLCC Pin	Name	I/O	Description
1	2	DATA	I/O	Three-state DATA output for configuration. Open-collector bi-directional pin for programming.
2	4	CLK	Ι	Clock input. Used to increment the internal address and bit counter for reading and programming.
	5	WP1 ⁽¹⁾	Ι	WRITE PROTECT (1). Used to protect portions of memory during programming. Disabled by default due to internal pull-down resistor. This input pin is not used during FPGA loading operations.
3	6	RESET/OE	Ι	Output Enable (active High) and RESET (active Low) when SER_EN is High. A Low level on RESET/OE resets both the address and bit counters. A High level (with CE Low) enables the data output driver. The logic polarity of this input is programmable as either RESET/OE or RESET/OE. For most applications, RESET should be programmed active Low. This document describes the pin as RESET/OE.
	7	WP2 ⁽¹⁾	Ι	WRITE PROTECT (2). Used to protect portions of memory during programming. Disabled by default due to internal pull-down resistor. This input pin is not used during FPGA loading operations.
4	8	CE	I	Chip Enable input (active Low). A Low level (with OE High) allows DCLK to increment the address counter and enables the data output driver. A High level on \overline{CE} disables both the address and bit counters and forces the device into a low-power standby mode. Note that this pin will <i>not</i> enable/disable the device in the 2-wire Serial Programming mode (SER_EN Low).
5	10	GND		Ground pin. A 0.2 μF decoupling capacitor between V_{CC} and GND is recommended.
6	14	CEO	0	Chip Enable Output (active Low). This output goes Low when the address counter has reached its maximum value. In a daisy chain of AT17 Series devices, the \overline{CEO} pin of one device must be connected to the \overline{CE} input of the next device in the chain. It will stay Low as long as \overline{CE} is low and OE is High. It will then follow CE until OE goes Low; thereafter, \overline{CEO} will stay High until the entire EEPROM is read again.
		A2	I	Device selection input, A2. This is used to enable (or select) the device during programming (i.e., when SER_EN is Low). A2 has an internal pulldown resistor.
	15	READY ⁽¹⁾	Ο	Open collector reset state indicator. Driven Low during power-up reset, released (tri-stated) when power-up is complete. (Recommend a 4.7 k Ω pull-up on this pin if used).
7	17	SER_EN	I	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
8	20	V _{cc}		+3.3V/+5V power supply pin.

Note: 1. This pin is not available on the 8-lead packages.

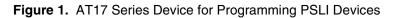
4 AT17C512/010/LV512/010

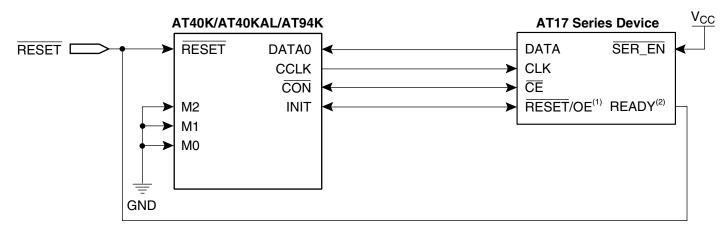
FPGA Master Serial Mode Summary	The I/O and logic functions of any SRAM-based FPGA are established by a configura- tion program. The program is loaded either automatically upon power-up, or on command, depending on the state of the FPGA mode pins. In Master Mode, the FPGA automatically loads the configuration program from an external memory. The AT17 Serial Configuration EEPROM has been designed for compatibility with the Master Serial Mode. This document discusses the AT40K, AT40KAL and AT94KAL applications, as well as
• • • •	Xilinx applications.
Control of Configuration	Most connections between the FPGA device and the AT17 Serial EEPROM are simple and self-explanatory:
Conniguration	• The DATA output of the AT17 Series Configurator drives DIN of the FPGA devices.
	 The master FPGA CCLK output drives the CLK input of the AT17 Series Configurator.
	 The CEO output of any AT17 Series Configurator drives the CE input of the next Configurator in a cascade chain of EEPROMs.
	 SER_EN must be connected to V_{CC} (except during ISP).
	 The READY pin is available as an open-collector indicator of the device's reset status; it is driven Low while the device is in its power-on reset cycle and released (tri-stated) when the cycle is complete.
Cascading Serial Configuration	For multiple FPGAs configured as a daisy-chain, or for FPGAs requiring larger configu- ration memories, cascaded Configurators provide additional memory.
EEPROMs	As the last bit from the first Configurator is read, the clock signal to the Configurator asserts its \overline{CEO} output Low and disables its DATA line driver. The second Configurator recognizes the Low level on its \overline{CE} input and enables its DATA output.
	After configuration is complete, the address counters of all cascaded Configurators are reset if the RESET/OE on each Configurator is driven to its active (Low) level.
	If the address counters are not to be reset upon completion, then the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /OE input can be tied to its inactive (High) level.
AT17 Series Reset Polarity	The AT17 Series Configurator allows the user to program the reset polarity as either RESET/OE or RESET/OE. This feature is supported by industry-standard programmer algorithms.
Programming Mode	The programming mode is entered by bringing $\overline{\text{SER}_{EN}}$ Low. In this mode the chip can be programmed by the 2-wire serial bus. The programming is done at V _{CC} supply only. Programming super voltages are generated inside the chip. The AT17C parts are read/write at 5V nominal. The AT17LV parts are read/write at 3.3V nominal.
Standby Mode	The AT17C/LV512/010 Series Configurator enters a low-power standby mode when- ever \overline{CE} is asserted High. In this mode, the Configurator consumes less than 0.5 mA of current at 5V. The output remains in a high-impedance state regardless of the state of the \overline{OE} input.





Example Circuits

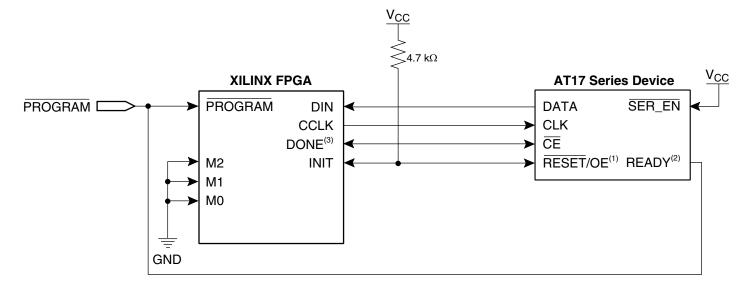




- Notes: 1. Reset polarity must be set to active Low.
 - 2. Use of the optional READY pin is not available on the AT17C/LV65/128/256 devices.

The FPGA CON/DONE output drives the CE input of the AT17 Series Configurator, while the RESET/OE input is driven by the FPGA INIT pin. This connection works under all normal circumstances, even when the user aborts the configuration before CON/DONE has gone High. A Low level on the RESET/OE input, during FPGA reset, clears the configurator's internal address pointer so that the reconfiguration starts at the beginning.

Figure 2. Drop-In Replacement of XC17/ATT17 PROMs for Xilinx/Lucent FPGA Applications

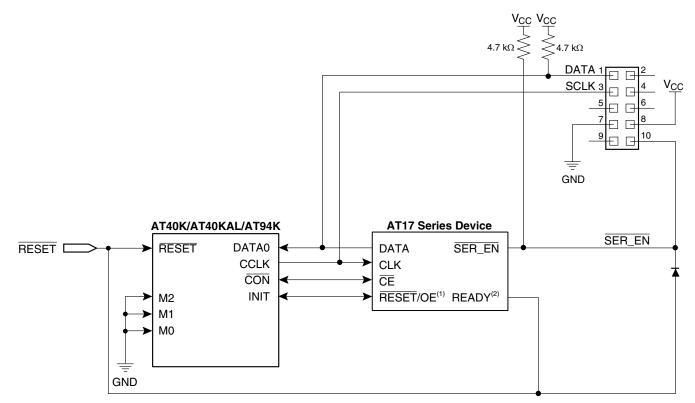


- Notes: 1. Reset polarity must be set to active Low.
 - 2. Use of the optional READY pin is not available on the AT17C/LV65/128/256 devices.
 - 3. An internal pull-up resistor is enabled here for DONE.

AT17C512/010/LV512/010

For details of ISP, please refer to the "Programming Specification for Atmel's AT17 and AT17A Series FPGA Configuration EEPROMs", available on the Atmel web site, at http://www.atmel.com/atmel/acrobat/doc0437.pdf.

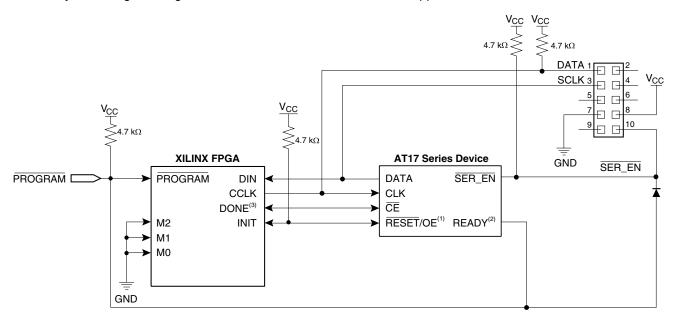
Figure 3. In-System Programming of AT17 Series for PSLI Applications



Notes: 1. Reset polarity must be set to active Low.

2. Use of the optional READY pin is not available on the AT17C/LV65/128/256 devices.

Figure 4. In-System Programming of AT17 Series for Xilinx/Lucent FPGA Applications



- Notes: 1. Reset polarity must be set to active Low.
 - 2. Use of the optional READY pin is not available on the AT17C/LV65/128/256 devices.
 - 3. An internal pull-up resistor is enabled here for DONE.





Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Operating Temperature55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature
Voltage on Any Pin with Respect to Ground0.1V to $\rm V_{\rm CC}$ +0.5V
Supply Voltage (V _{CC})0.5V to +7.0V
Maximum Soldering Temp. (10 sec. @ 1/16 in.)260°C
ESD (R _{ZAP} = 1.5K, C _{ZAP} = 100 pF)

*NOTICE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect device reliability.

Operating Conditions

			AT17	СХХХ	AT17	LVXXX	
Symbol	Description		Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
	Commercial	Supply voltage relative to GND -0°C to +70°C	4.75	5.25	3.0	3.6	V
V _{cc}	Industrial	Supply voltage relative to GND -40°C to +85°C	4.5	5.5	3.0	3.6	V
	Military	Supply voltage relative to GND -55°C to +125°C	4.5	5.5	3.0	3.6	V

8 AT17C512/010/LV512/010

DC Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units	
V _{IH}	High-level Input Voltage	High-level Input Voltage			V
V _{IL}	Low-level Input Voltage		0.0	0.8	V
V _{OH}	High-level Output Voltage (I _{OH} = -4 mA)		3.86		V
V _{OL}	Low-level Output Voltage (I _{OL} = +4 mA)	Commercial		0.32	V
V _{OH}	High-level Output Voltage (I _{OH} = -4 mA)	la du estat e l	3.76		V
V _{OL}	Low-level Output Voltage (I _{OL} = +4 mA)	Industrial		0.37	V
V _{OH}	High-level Output Voltage (I _{OH} = -4 mA)	A 4111	3.7		V
V _{OL}	Low-level Output Voltage (I _{OL} = +4 mA)	Military		0.4	V
I _{CCA}	Supply Current, Active Mode			10	mA
IL	Input or Output Leakage Current (V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND)			10	μA
	Querela Querent Querella Mada	Commercial		0.5	mA
I _{CCS}	Supply Current, Standby Mode	Industrial/Military		0.5	mA

V_{CC} = 5V \pm 5% Commercial/5V \pm 10% Industrial/Military

DC Characteristics

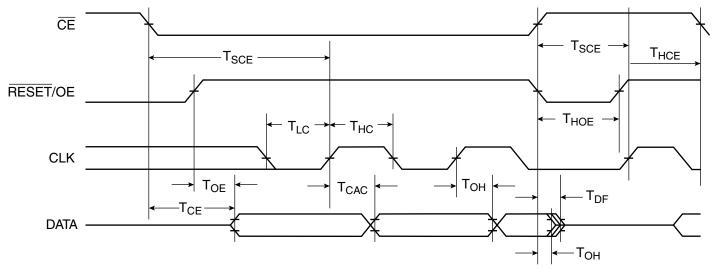
 $V_{CC}=3.3V\pm10\%$

Symbol	Description			Max	Units
V _{IH}	High-level Input Voltage	High-level Input Voltage			V
V _{IL}	Low-level Input Voltage		0.0	0.8	V
V _{OH}	High-level Output Voltage (I _{OH} = -2.5 mA)		2.4		V
V _{OL}	Low-level Output Voltage (I _{OL} = +3 mA)	Commercial		0.4	V
V _{OH}	High-level Output Voltage (I _{OH} = -2 mA)		2.4		V
V _{OL}	Low-level Output Voltage (I _{OL} = +3 mA)	Industrial		0.4	V
V _{OH}	High-level Output Voltage (I _{OH} = -2 mA)	N 4111	2.4		V
V _{OL}	Low-level Output Voltage (I _{OL} = +2.5 mA)	Military		0.4	V
I _{CCA}	Supply Current, Active Mode			5	mA
۱ _L	Input or Output Leakage Current (V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND)			10	μA
		Commercial		100	μA
I _{CCS}	Supply Current, Standby Mode	Industrial/Military		100	μA

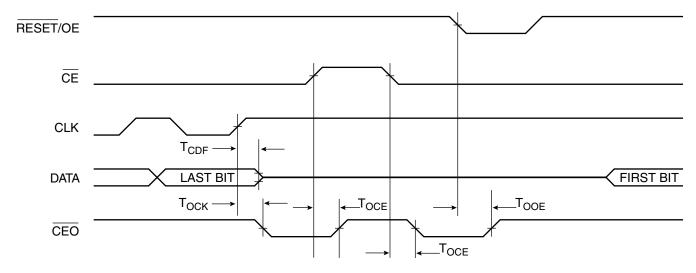




AC Characteristics



AC Characteristics when Cascading



AC Characteristics for AT17C512/010

		Commercial		Industria	l/Military ⁽¹⁾	
Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
T _{OE} ⁽²⁾	OE to Data Delay		30		35	ns
T _{CE} ⁽²⁾	CE to Data Delay		45		45	ns
T _{CAC} ⁽²⁾	CLK to Data Delay		50		50	ns
Т _{ОН}	Data Hold From \overline{CE} , OE, or CLK	0		0		ns
T _{DF} ⁽³⁾	CE or OE to Data Float Delay		50		50	ns
T _{LC}	CLK Low Time	20		20		ns
Т _{НС}	CLK High Time	20		20		ns
T _{SCE}	CE Setup Time to CLK (to guarantee proper counting)	20		25		ns
T _{HCE}	CE Hold Time from CLK (to guarantee proper counting)	0		0		ns
T _{HOE}	OE High Time (guarantees counter Is reset)	20		20		ns
F _{MAX}	MAX Input Clock Frequency	15		15		MHz

 $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 5\%$ Commercial/ $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ Industrial/Military

Notes: 1. Preliminary specifications for military operating range only.

2. AC test load = 50 pF.

3. Float delays are measured with 5 pF AC loads. Transition is measured ± 200 mV from steady state active levels.

AC Characteristics for AT17C512/010 when Cascading

$V_{CC} = 5V \pm 5\%$ Commercial/ $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ Industrial/Military

		Comr	Commercial		Industrial/Military ⁽¹⁾	
Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
T _{CDF} ⁽³⁾	CLK to Data Float Delay		50		50	ns
T _{OCK} ⁽²⁾	CLK to CEO Delay		35		40	ns
T _{OCE} ⁽²⁾	CE to CEO Delay		35		35	ns
T _{OOE} ⁽²⁾	RESET/OE to CEO Delay		30		30	ns
F _{MAX}	MAX Input Clock Frequency	12.5		12.5		MHz

Notes: 1. Preliminary specifications for military operating range only.

2. AC test load = 50 pF.

3. Float delays are measured with 5 pF AC loads. Transition is measured ± 200 mV from steady state active levels.





AC Characteristics for AT17LV512/010

 $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$

		Commercial		Industrial/Military ⁽¹⁾			
Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units	
T _{OE} ⁽²⁾	OE to Data Delay		50		55	ns	
T _{CE} ⁽²⁾	CE to Data Delay		55		60	ns	
T _{CAC} ⁽²⁾	CLK to Data Delay		55		60	ns	
Т _{он}	Data Hold From \overline{CE} , OE, or CLK	0		0		ns	
T _{DF} ⁽³⁾	CE or OE to Data Float Delay		50		50	ns	
T _{LC}	CLK Low Time	25		25		ns	
T _{HC}	CLK High Time	25		25		ns	
T _{SCE}	CE Setup Time to CLK (to guarantee proper counting)	30		35		ns	
T _{HCE}	CE Hold Time from CLK (to guarantee proper counting)	0		0		ns	
T _{HOE}	OE High Time (guarantees counter is reset)	25		25		ns	
F _{MAX}	MAX Input Clock Frequency	15		10		MHz	

Notes: 1. Preliminary specifications for military operating range only.

2. AC test load = 50 pF.

3. Float delays are measured with 5 pF AC loads. Transition is measured ± 200 mV from steady state active levels.

AC Characteristics for AT17LV512/010 when Cascading

 $V_{CC}=3.3V\pm10\%$

		Comr	Commercial		Industrial/Military ⁽¹⁾	
Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
T _{CDF} ⁽³⁾	CLK to Data Float Delay		50		50	ns
T _{OCK} ⁽²⁾	CLK to CEO Delay		50		55	ns
T _{OCE} ⁽²⁾	CE to CEO Delay		35		40	ns
T _{OOE} ⁽²⁾	RESET/OE to CEO Delay		35		35	ns
F _{MAX}	MAX Input Clock Frequency	12.5		10		MHz

Notes: 1. Preliminary specifications for military operating range only.

2. AC test load = 50 pF.

3. Float delays are measured with 5 pF AC loads. Transition is measured ± 200 mV from steady state active levels.

Thermal Resistance Coefficients⁽¹⁾

Package Type		θ _{JC} [° C/W]	θ _{JA} [°C/W] Airflow = 0 ft/min
Leadless Array Package (LAP)	8CN4	45	135.71
Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)	8P3	37	107
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)	20J	35	90

Note: 1. For more information refer to the "Thermal Characteristics of Atmel's Packages", available on the Atmel web site, at http://www.atmel.com/atmel/acrobat/doc0636.pdf.





Ordering Information – 5V Devices

Memory Size	Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
512-Kbit	AT17C512-10CC AT17C512-10PC AT17C512-10JC	8CN4 8P3 20J	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
	AT17C512-10CI AT17C512-10PI AT17C512-10JI	8CN4 8P3 20J	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
1-Mbit	AT17C010-10CC AT17C010-10PC AT17C010-10JC	8CN4 8P3 20J	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
	AT17C010-10CI AT17C010-10PI AT17C010-10JI	8CN4 8P3 20J	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

Ordering Information – 3.3V Devices

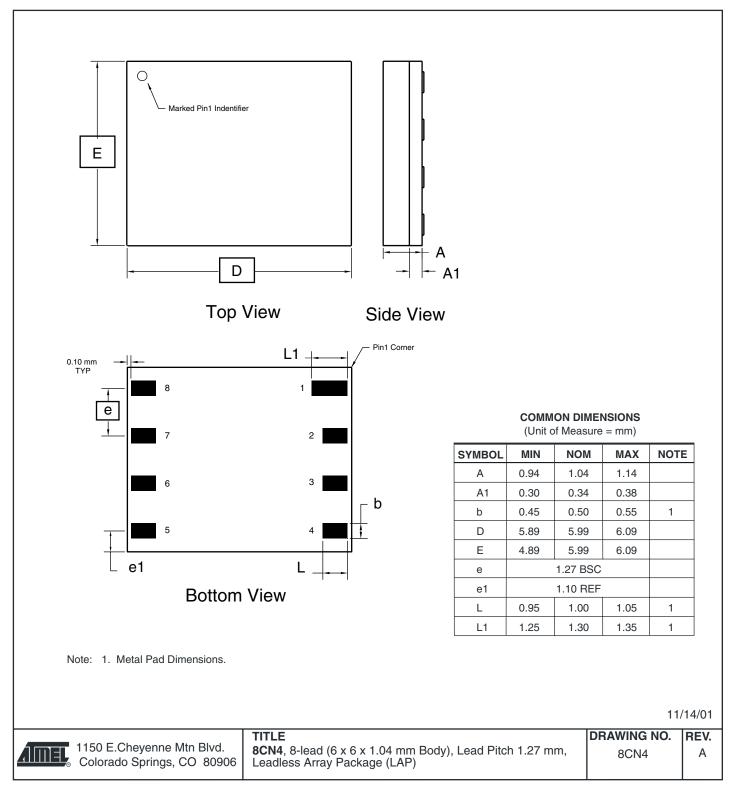
Memory Size	Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
512-Kbit	AT17LV512-10CC AT17LV512-10PC AT17LV512-10JC	8CN4 8P3 20J	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
	AT17LV512-10CI AT17LV512-10PI AT17LV512-10JI	8CN4 8P3 20J	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
1-Mbit	AT17LV010-10CC AT17LV010-10PC AT17LV010-10JC	8CN4 8P3 20J	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
	AT17LV010-10Cl AT17LV010-10Pl AT17LV010-10Jl	8CN4 8P3 20J	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

Package Type		
8CN4	8-lead, 6 mm x 6 mm x 1 mm, Leadless Array Package (LAP) - Pin-compatible with 8-lead SOIC/VOID Packages	
8P3	8-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)	
20J	20-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)	

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Packaging Information

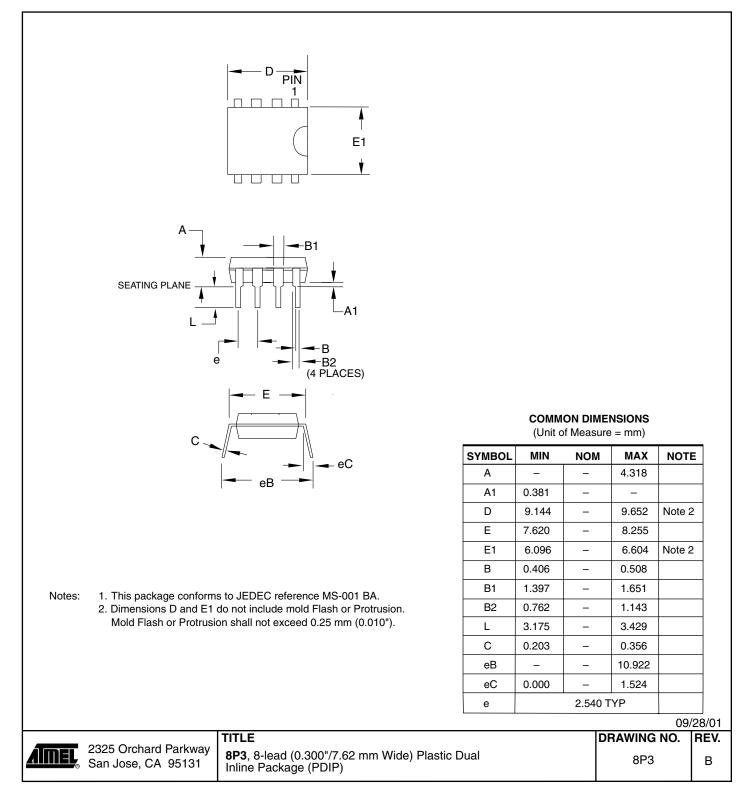
8CN4 – LAP



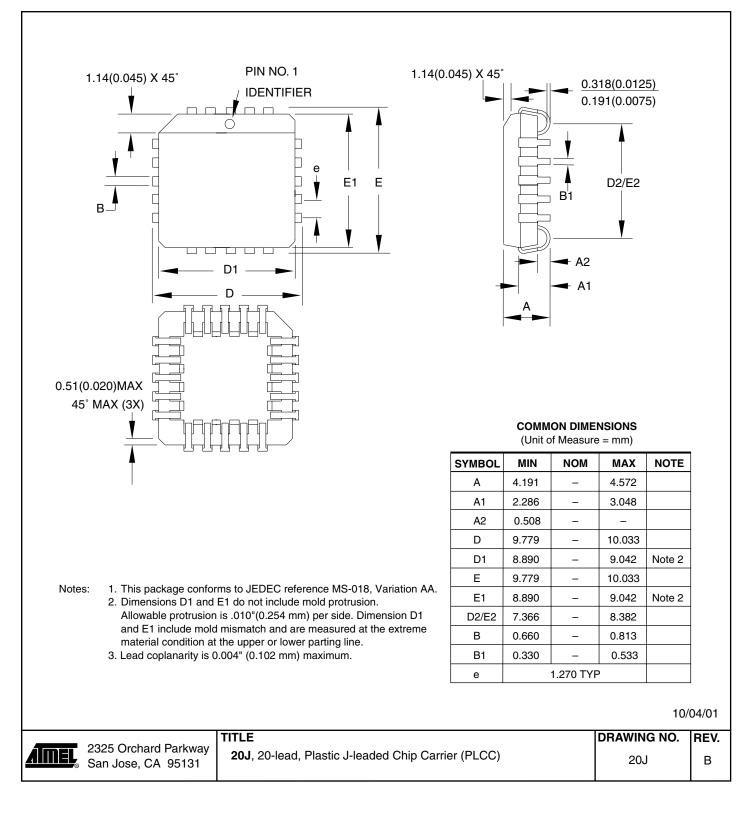




8P3 – PDIP



20J – PLCC







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FAQ Available on web site

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